

Voltage Range 50 to 600 V

Current 20.0 Ampere

Features

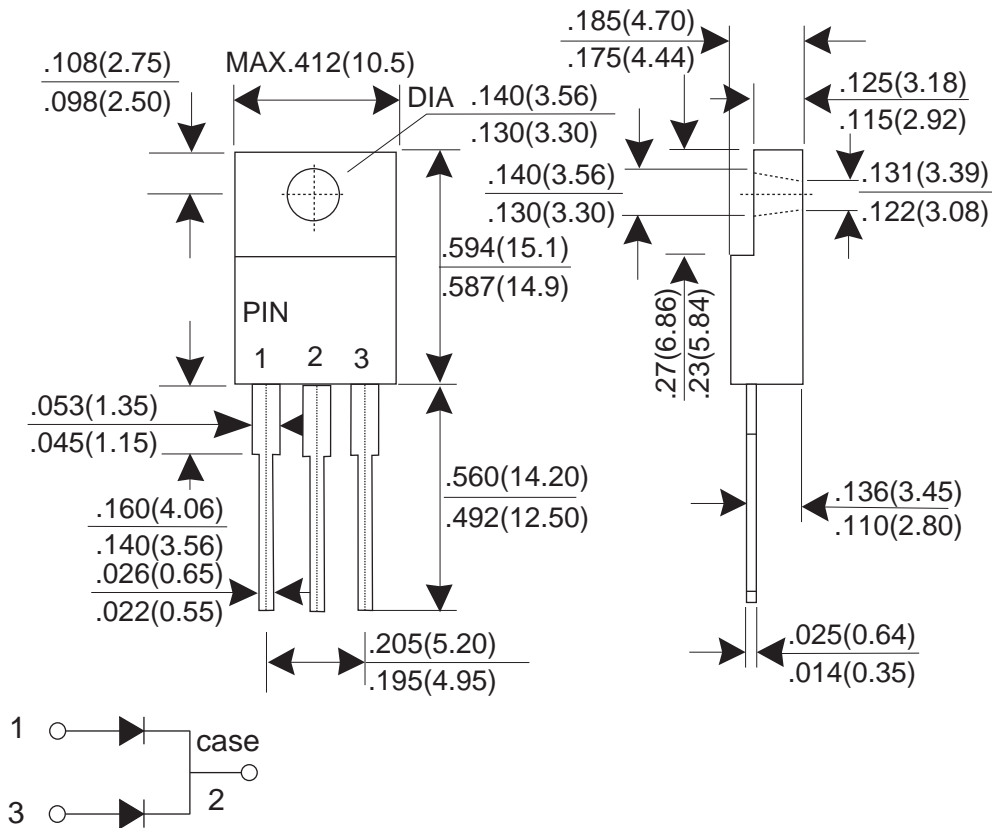
- ★ Fast switching for high efficiency
- ★ Low forward voltage drop
- ★ High current capability
- ★ Low reverse leakage current
- ★ High surge current capability

Mechanical Data

- ★ Case: Molded plastic ITO-220AB
- ★ Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- ★ Terminals: Solderable per MIL-STD-202 method 208
- ★ Polarity: Color band denotes cathode
- ★ Mounting position: Any
- ★ Weight: 1.73 grams

Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

ITO-220AB



MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
 Single phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.
 For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

PARAMTER	SYMBOL	TSF 20C01CF	TSF 20C02CF	TSF 20C03CF	TSF 20C04CF	TSF 20C05CF	TSF 20C06CF	UNIT
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	VRRM	50	100	200	300	400	600	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	VRMS	35	70	140	210	280	420	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	VDC	50	100	200	300	400	600	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current Tc=125°C	IF(AV)	20.0						A
Peak Forward Surge Current, 8.3ms single Half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	IFSM	200			175			A
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage @ 10.0 A	VF	0.975			1.3		1.7	V
Maximum DC Reverse Current @TJ=25°C At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @TJ=125°C	IR	10.0 250						uA uA
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)	Trr	35						nS
Typical junction Capacitance (Note 2)	CJ	120			70			pF
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	TJ, TSTG	-55 to +150						°C

NOTES : (1) Reverse recovery test conditions IF = 0.5A, IR = 1.0A, Irr = 0.25A.
 (2) Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0 Volts DC.
 (3) Thermal Resistance junction to case.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

FIG.1 - FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

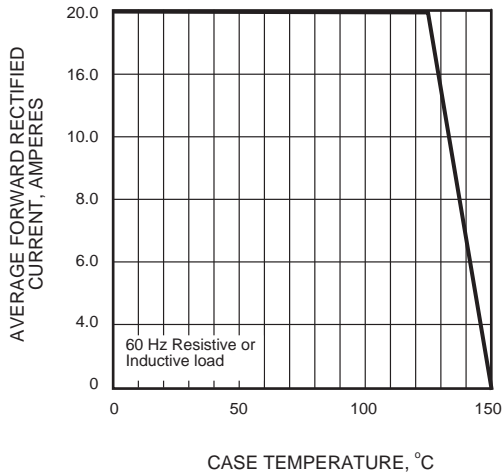


FIG.2 - MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE PEAK FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

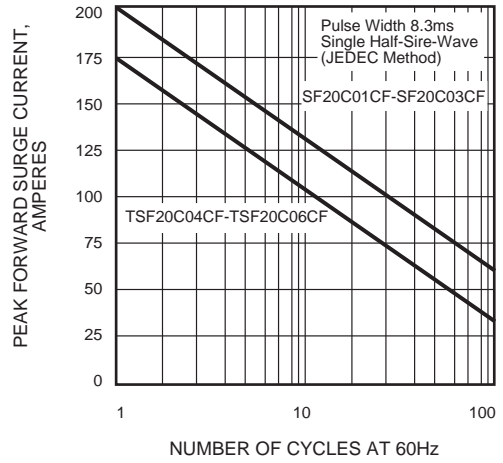


FIG.3 - TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

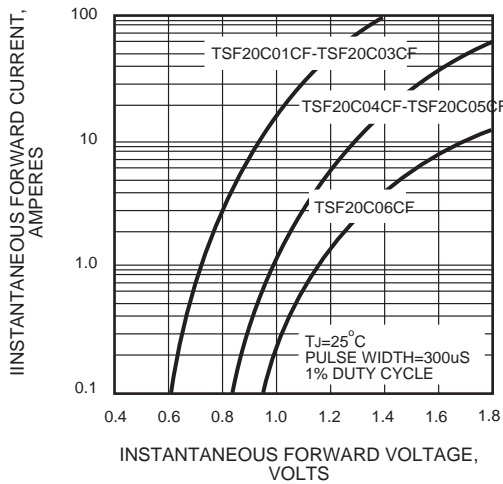


FIG.4 - TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

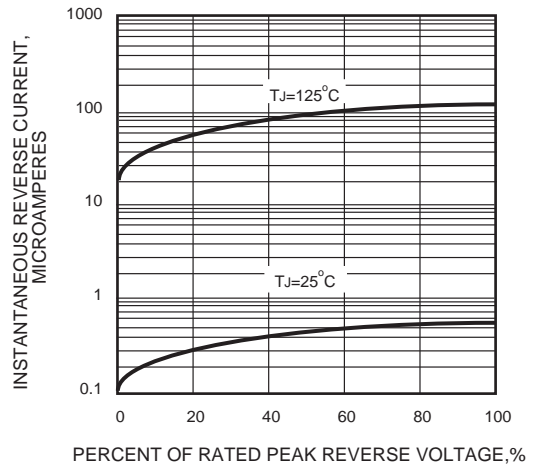


FIG.5 - TYPICAL JUNCTION CAPACITANCE

